

County Officers	Wm. McCullough
Clerk	J. H. Jackson
Register	J. H. Jackson
Prosecuting Attorney	Wm. Woodburn
Judge of Probate	J. O. Hadley
C. C. Com.	W. H. Patterson
Surveyor	J. O. Hadley
Coroners	A. E. Nourman
SUPERVISORS.	W. M. Woodburn and F. E. Gregg

Grove Township	Thomas Whaley
South Branch	Julius Richardson
Beecher Creek	T. E. Hastings
Maple Creek	J. K. Kuhn
Frederickville	J. F. Ihm
Ball	Charles Jackson
Center Point	J. M. Stiby
Blaine	Peter Aebel

## SOCIETY MEETINGS.

—**M. E. CHURCH**—Rev. T. Edwards, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock a.m. and 7 p.m. every Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

—**GRAYLING LODGE**, No. 355, F. & A. M., meets in regular communication on Thursday evening at 7 p.m. before the fall of the moon. Transient members are fraternally invited to attend.

J. O. HADLEY, W. M.

A. TAYLOR, Secretary.

—**GRAYLING POST**, No. 240, G. A. R., meets the second Saturday and fourth Friday in each month. O. PALMER, Post Commander.

J. C. HANSON, Adjutant.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

## GRAYLING EXCHANGE BANK,

GRAYLING, MICH.

A general banking business transacted. Drafts and gold and on parts of the United States and foreign countries. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections a specialty.

JOHN STALEY, JR., Proprietor.

MRS. T. W. MITCHELL & CO.,

MILLINER & DRESSMAKER

GRAYLING, MICH.

GEO. L. ALEXANDER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, ETC.

Time Lands Bought and

Sold on Commission.

Non-Residents' Lands Looked After.

ROSCOMMON. — MICH.

Will be in Grayling at J. O. Hadley's office from Tuesday noon until Friday noon of each week.

MAIN J. CONNINE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

GRAYLING, MICH.

J. MAURICE FINN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Attends to all Professional Business, Collections, Conveyancing, Financial Business, etc.

GRAYLING, MICH.

O. PALMER,

Attorney at Law and Notary.

Collections, conveyancing, payment of taxes, and purchases and sales of real estate property, attorney, etc. Located opposite the Court House.

GRAYLING, MICH.

F. F. THATCHER, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON

GRAYLING, MICH.

G. M. F. DAVIS, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON

GRAYLING, MICH.

W. A. WILD, Proprietor.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

GRAYLING, MICH.

W. M. PORTER, Proprietor.

This house is located conveniently near to the depot, and is sure to be a favorite with all.

Meals served at all hours.

The Grayling House is conveniently situated, being near the depot, and furnished throughout in first-class style. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of guests. The sample rooms for comfortable travelers.

E. F. RAYMOND,

TONSONIAL ARTIST,

GRAYLING, MICH.

Shaving and Hair Cutting done in the latest style, and to the satisfaction of all. Shop on corner of Michigan Avenue and Railroad Street, just off.

A. E. NEWMAN,

COUNTY SURVEYOR

GRAYLING, MICH.

Plane timber lands I look after. Correct estimates given. I am a reliable and honest contractor, surveying done in all its bearings.

O. J. BELL,

GRAYLING, MICH.

DEALER IN

FARMING LANDS

Farms sold at reasonable prices and on terms to suit purchasers. Pine lands bought and sold. Correspondence correctly estimated.

J. R. McDONALD,

MANUFACTURED OF

Boots and Shoes,

GRAYLING, MICH.

Special attention given to fine new work.

Repairing intended to promptly.

PHILIP MOSHIER,

PROPRIETOR OF GRAYLING

LIVERY STABLE,

GRAYLING, MICH.

FIRST-CLASS RIGS

Let at all hours of reasonable prices. Hunting parties supplied with complete outfit, consisting of traps, guns, dogs, etc. Guides furnished, and parties taken to the hunting grounds at low rates.

Julia Carter had committed the common fault of woman in her marriage—she had taken counsel of the heart, and of nothing else. A handsome boyish face, a pleasant manner, assurances of animated devotion—these had captivated her; she had not dared to look beyond them. Had she looked beyond them, she would have seen a character unformed, a frivolous disposition, a being who had thus far proven the ability to do nothing but to spend his father's money, and whose capacity to earn lived for her was yet to be ascertained. But then, she loved him; and what woman ever held any other argument than this, where the man of her choice was concerned?

The years went by, and poor Julia became secretly convinced, by the hard lot of accomplished facts, that she had made a terrible mistake. She saw

With mild face and feverish limbs he tottered to the back porch of the hotel and sounded a dreary horn of warning, like the dying Roland when Charlemagne and all his peers, told by Fontarabia.

He was a mosquito.

And the swift-winged denizens of the bush thronged around him.

"Friends," he murmured feebly, "my time is short, but I can still do you some service. Beware you beautiful city girl who sits gazing out upon the sea. I have tasted the rich bloom of her cheek and behold, I die! It was her Venetian red."

And he rolled over.

"I think Jersey is a much-abused place," said the maiden, rising from her chair. "I'm sure the mosquitoes haven't troubled me a bit." — *Tell-tale.*

The old man's face was a mask of woe, and his hands trembled as he spoke.

"I think Jersey is a much-abused place," said the maiden, rising from her chair. "I'm sure the mosquitoes haven't troubled me a bit." — *Tell-tale.*

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The State weather service was commenced last December. In two months there were twenty reporting and thirty signal stations. Now there are seventy-eight reporting stations, 140 signal and seven railways fluttering flags on twenty-five trains.

The marriage license law takes effect Sept. 27. Clergymen and magistrates are earnestly requested to return to the county clerk immediately after Sept. 27, all marriages solemnized under old law, and not returned, as the secretary of state desires a return of them by October 1, so that the new law may quickly become uniform.

The great wind storm promised by Wiggins for Monday and Tuesday came off as promised, but was all generated at Anaelst and Social meetings. Such men as Herr Most and his gang get up such big storms on short notice and at slight provocation. New York will do well, however, to suppress these blatant brawlers. —*Port Huron Tribune*.

The colored vote has been secured and made solid for President Cleveland in '88. Mrs. Cleveland snubbed Gov. Foraker and his wife at Philadelphia, which was very pleasing to the democrats, but at a reception she shook hands with two colored men, thus earning their gratitude and devotion and at the same time secured her husband their votes, which will go far towards offsetting the defection of the wingwumps.

In the recent Kentucky state election the democratic reformers perpetrated their usual frauds, such as building, scavenging, etc. In one instance the poll-book showed twice as many votes as there were voters in the precinct. The election officers were indicted, and on the very last day of life term Gov. Knott, by virtue of a peculiar law, pardoned all the indicted men before trial, thus stifling investigation. A very pretty record, altogether for reformers and for a party that claims to favor free elections and a fair ballot. —*Chillicothe Tribune*.

The weather signals on railway trains are the same as those displayed at stationary points, except that they read from front to rear of the car instead of from top to bottom of a flagstaff. The four signals are: 1, square white flag meaning clear or fair weather; 2, square blue flag meaning rain or snow; 3, triangular black flag for temperature; 4, square white flag with black center meaning approach of cold wave. The temperature flag (3) indicates warmer weather when displayed in front of 1 or 2; cold weather when placed after 1 or 2; stationary temperature when not displayed at all.

It is said that preparations have been made in St. Louis to compel the grand army of the republic to pass under a great number of portraits of the president if the veterans march in procession as contemplated. The citizens much mistake the temper of the G. A. R. if they think the latter will pay compulsory homage to anybody, whether president or not. How would Mr. Cleveland relish the idea of making his entry into St. Louis beneath an archway adorned with portraits of Turtle or Firedrill? It is a poor rule that will not work both ways. —*Chillicothe Tribune*.

The New York *World* is scared over the probability that the republicans of that state will nominate Col. Fred. D. Grant for secretary of state. It says that he

is to be nominated for secretary of State, elected, and then boomed for Vice President. He is to work in with the Boys' Lincolns movement, and the ticket for '88 will be "Lincoln and Grant."

Well, what of it? If the mere thought of such a possibility (which has probably not occurred to any one except the editor of the *World*) causes a cold chill to run up the spine of the democracy, what would the reality do, if it ever came to pass? —*Blade*.

#### What We Would Do.

If we wanted to know all about the fashions for Fall, to see the best designs for the new styles, to learn the most practical methods of making up Fall goods, or to read of the latest events that have taken place in woman's world of fancy-work or artistic effect, we would read from the first page to the last the October number of *Godey's Ladies' Book*. In addition to matters which concern fashion and home, the literary articles which help to fill the October number are of rare merit and solid value. The poetry, the music, and the artistic illustrations are such as every intelligent lady will prize. The new indications to subscribers and to those who raise clubs are just now particularly worthy of attention. The price of the magazine is only two dollars a year. Address the Godey Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Penn.

#### WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent:

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16, '87. It is a fact well known at Washington, that President Cleveland regards his renomination as settled beyond all dispute. There is no other alternative for the party. The question now with the slate maker is who to run on the ticket with him, and the field is being most thoroughly canvassed, with a great preponderance in favor of Gen. J. C. Black, Commissioner of Pensions. That he is the president's choice goes, without contradiction.

The pension question was made prominent in the last congress by the president's numerous vetoes, and the bad odor engendered thereby still has an offensive smell in the nostrils of the loyal people of the country. To overcome and counteract that feeling some sort of overture must be made, and hence the selection of Gen. Black, who had a medium military record, and occupies a very close relation to the pensioners, as the necessary sponge to absorb and extinguish whatever of unpleasant recollection may still linger among the army boys and their friends.

Cleveland's one hundred and thirteen bills of pension bills in the last session settled nothing virtually but his position, and that of his party, on this question. The issue is still open, and there is abundant reason to believe that it will be pressed to the front with more than usual vigor by the coming winter.

It will be a knotty question, but the administration will be forced to meet it. It touches hearts and homes throughout this broad land. Right, justice, patriotic sentiment and expediency mix and mingle in its consideration, and with a small partisan margin in the next congress Mr. Cleveland must guard well his prerogative of veto. No doubt he dreads the approach of winter. And if anything can be gathered from the signs of the times, there are good reasons for it. General Black is spending the most of his time away and in neglect of duty, attending reunions, manipulating receptions, and posing generally as the most valuable adjunct of the administration; the great war factor of modern democracy, drawing his hundred dollars a month pension in addition to a good fat salary, while hundreds of widows and orphans of as gallant soldiers as ever carried musket are wondering how food and raiment will come. Such miserable mockery ought not to deceive longer, and thank Heaven that the day of full exposure is drawing nigh. Shame on such pretenses.

Just now there is a good deal of comment in official circles about the sudden and unexpected resignation of Assistant Secretary of State Porter, and why he resigned and so unceremoniously, it is a mystery, and the sharpest of newspaper men fail thus far to get a satisfactory clue. Gov. Porter is an able man and held in very high esteem. It has been intimated for some time that the most amiable feeling did not exist between him and Secretary Bayard, but no one expected such a sudden termination of affairs. Bayard is away enjoying the hardships of a well paid vacation, and Porter takes the occasion to send the president his resignation, pack his grip sack, and start immediately for his Tennessee home. It is rather an unusual proceeding and hence all manner of gossip. Porter could tell the good deal if he would, about our management of foreign affairs, and perhaps he may.

There was never a time under free trade in this country when clothing and provisions and nearly all the necessities of life could be bought as cheap as now. Domestic competition is worth a good deal more to Americans than foreign competition.

When we buy at home we leave our money at home; when we buy abroad we leave our money abroad.

The Civil Service Commission are wrangling over a new set of rules that they want to formulate. This makes the fourth time that the "rules" have been doctored and tinkered and twisted to fit the current condition of affairs. You see a new lot of democratic congressmen will soon be here, and each has a retinue of henchmen who are hungering and thirsting for place, and they must be provided for. This can be done by making the rules for Civil Service examination a little more ambiguous, and by the "presto-change" process accomplish the purpose without any difficulty. Quite a number of Confederate brigadiers are not provided for yet, and under the present rules fixing the age limit at 45 years, they are debarred from application, a discrimination that don't accord with their haughty aspirations and present needs.

And now that limit is to be removed, and principally for their benefit. A French physician had full faith in the powers of his coffin until he saw the lids of the coffin screwed down and the undertaker carry the corpse away. Possibly there are some civil service reformers who have like faith in the promises and pretenses of a democratic administration.

The tariff conference which held several sessions at Oak View, has adjourned, and it is understood without coming to any very definite conclusion.

The Randall ultimatum is no reduction unless the tax on whisky and tobacco be absolutely removed, and this of course the administration wing and wags to do.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and head and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be good rid of.

There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Bache's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

derful death of political news. A large number of the higher officials are absent, and business in the various departments drags along without peculiar concern, and this state of things will doubtless continue until after the president and his cabinet return from their Southern and Western electioneering junket.

New Liquor Law.

The new liquor law went into effect yesterday. The things which the new law requires of saloonkeepers and dispensers of liquor refreshments generally are as follows:

They must not keep screens or curtains near the front door to obstruct the view of the bar from the street. Penalty \$200 fine or less, or 90 days in jail.

They must not sell liquor to students of any public or private institution of learning in the state, nor allow students to play cards, dice or any game of chance in saloons, under the same penalty.

They must not adulterate liquors nor offer for sale liquor known to be adulterated, under penalty of not less than \$50 nor exceeding \$500, or imprisonment of not less than 10 days.

They must not sell in quantities of more than three gallons of one dozen quart bottles under a retail license, or less than that amount at one time under a wholesale license.

They must not sell wine or liquors of any kind from any cask or vessel unless the same shall have been labeled "Pure and without drugs or poison." Finding empty casks or vessels in a saloon not so labeled will be considered prima facie evidence of a violation of the law.

A license of \$300 must be paid for selling malt liquors only; for malt and spirituous liquors at retail, \$500; for spirituous liquors at wholesale, the same, and for spirituous liquors at wholesale and retail, \$800.

Druggists can sell liquor on physician's prescriptions only. They must record the name of every purchaser in a blank book kept for the purpose, and the aforesaid book must be open to all persons for examination during all business hours. The penalty for the first violation is not less than \$100 fine for a second offense, in addition to the penalty the offender shall be debarred from selling liquor anywhere in the state for five years.

Saloonkeepers violating the law will find trouble without looking for it, as police officers are empowered to close all places where liquor is sold upon which the tax has not been paid.

Brewers or brewers' agents will not be accepted as sureties on saloonkeepers bonds. The law on that point is explicit.

All places where liquor is sold, except drug stores, must be closed at 9 o'clock p. m., and not open before 7 a. m. The worded nipples to back doors, side doors, and all other doors opening into bar-rooms. Police officers are charged with the duty of closing all places found open after legal hours. Common councils have the option of allowing saloons to remain open until 11 p. m. and to open at 6 a. m. Arrests for violation of this section can be made without a warrant.

Saloon keepers can look for frequent visits from the police, as the law requires the officers to visit all saloons and bar-rooms at least once a week to learn if any provisions of the act are violated.

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## L. FOURNIER & CO'S.

NEW

## DRUG AND BOOK STORE

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR

DRUGS, MEDICINES, STATIONERY, NOTIONS,

CONFECTIIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS,

Toilet Articles, Cigars and Tobaccos.

## LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES A SPECIALTY!!

L. FOURNIER AND Co.,

GRAYLING, MICH.

C. L. SAUNDERS & CO.,



UNDERTAKERS,

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

A FULL line of Coffins, Caskets and Funeral

Services kept constantly on hand.

Shipped to any town or country, with a handsome

Repose. Charges moderate.

July 4-4.

C. W. WIGHT,

PROPRIETOR OF

CITY MARKET,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, FISH AND

CANNED GOODS,

BUTTER, EGGS, LARD, AND VEGETABLES

OF ALL KINDS. IN fact everything usually

kept in a first class market. Full

weight and reasonable prices. Market

on Michigan Avenue.

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

TERMS, CASH!!

Sept. 24, 1887.

N. P. OLSON'S

BILLIARD AND POOL

PARLORS.

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

The choicest Wines, Liquors and

and the best 8 and 10-cent Cigars con-

stantly on hand.

BLACKSMITH SHOP!!

DR. STARKEY AND PALEN

PAGE

BOOK

FREE

TO

YOU.

more kindly

and more intelligently.

# The Avalanche.

J. C. HANSON, Local Editor.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1887.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

S. HANSON & CO'S. PRICE LIST

[Corrected Weekly.]

Cats No. 2 white, per bushel, 49 cents.

Hay, No. 100 bush., per ton, \$15.00 & 12.00

Hay feed, No. 1, per ton, 23.00

Bran, per ton, 17.00

Hay flour, roller mills, per barrel, 5.25

Hay flour, roller mills, per barrel, 6.00

Pewee, per barrel, \$4.25

Excelsior, flour per barrel, 3.85

Extra M. beef, per barrel, 8.00

Meat, pork, per barrel, 16.50 & new

Refined lard, per pound, 9 cents

Ham, sugar cured, per pound, 15 cents

Breakfast bacon, per pound, 11 cents

Clear pork, sides, per pound, 16.00 & new

Plate bacon, per pound, 5 cents

Creamy butter, per pound, 32. Dairy 24.

Fresh eggs, per dozen, 18 cents

O. G. Java ground, per pound, 35 cents

Meat, ground, per pound, 39 cents

B. C. & Co.'s Mexican coffee per lb., 25 cents

B. C. & Co.'s Mexican coffee per lb., 25 cents

Toas, green, per pound, 20 & 25 cents

Sugar, Extra C, per pound, 12 cents

Sugar, granulated, per pound, 7.25 cents

Sugar, cast, per pound, 5.25 cents

Sugar, powdered, per pound, 4 cents

Oil, water white, per gallon, 35 cents

Beans, hand picked, per bushel, 2.50

Peas, green, per bushel, 1.75

Syrup, Sugar, per gallon, 35 cents

N. O. molasses, per gallon, 65 cents

Molasses, per gallon, 50 cents

Woolen yarns, all colors, at James

Fred Barker, Esq., of Frederic, was

in Grayling last week.

A mammoth bar of Pure Olive Soap,

only ten cents, at J. M. Finn's.

Japanese Match safe with tray, only

25 cents, at James'

Mr. Trumley has friends from Bay

City visiting him.

Kid-Faced Mitts, for boys, a very fine

article. For sale by W. H. James.

For Job Work of all kinds call at the

AVALANCHE office.

A big drive in soap this week, at

J. M. Finn's.

Mrs. J. M. Finn went to Royal Oak,

her old home, Tuesday, to visit friends

in that section.

Bird cage springs, with children, only

10 cents, at the store of W. H. James.

A. E. Newmann, County Surveyor,

returned from a four week's job of sur-

veying in Alcona and Iosco counties.

Gold Band Dishes, a new stock, for

sale by W. H. James.

You can buy a barrel of Snow Flake

Flower at J. M. Finn's.

Call and see that Parlour Cook Stove

at the store of S. H. & Co.

Mrs. J. O. Hadley returned from her

visit to friends in Southern Michigan,

last Saturday.

Fresh butter and vegetables at all

times, at the store of W. H. James.

Ladies' Common Sense Shoes, both

in C and D widths, for sale by G. O.

McCullough.

The big yield of oats threshed for

Mr. House, of Maple Forest, were

grown on the farm of Jerry Sherman.

Monkey Wrenches, James has them.

Only 25 cents.

A large line of Brookway Center,

Woolen Yarn, and Shirting at J. M.

Elm's.

Patrick Slattery, 23d inst., drunk,

Justice Taylor said five dollars or 45

days. He went up.

Bows and arrows, for children. On

ly 10 cents. James keeps them.

Ladies, call and get a pair of those

Glazed Dongola fine shoes at J. M.

Finn's. Every pair warranted.

Frank Deckrow is still putting in

pumps, both lift and force. If you

want one give him a call.

The Garland Wood Stove, nice shape

and nickel-plated, only \$14.00. For

sale by Salling, Hanson & Co.

Manitoba and Knickerbocker Caps.

Just the thing for winter. James

keeps them.

O. J. Bell, county clerk, returned

from the western portion of the State

last Monday.

Mr. R. B. Ford and wife, of Corun-

na, were guests of G. H. Hicks and

wife last week.

Gents' underwear, new stock, cheap-

er than ever just received by Salling,

Hanson & Co.

The new school books adopted by

the School board, are for sale at the

store of L. Fournier & Co.

A good assortment of coal and cook

stoves, for sale at the store of Salling

Hanson & Co.

A. Taylor, Esq., purchased the prop-

erty of Mr. Obear, paying \$20,000 for it.

Rev. J. H. Phelps will preach at the

Opera House, next Sabbath, both fore-

noon and evening. Subject in the

evening, "The Glory of Young Men."

All are cordially invited to attend.

Oysters are good at all times, but more especially in the Fall. All lovers of the same will find them for sale at the Meat Market every Saturday.

We are pleased to learn that M. S. Dilley is again engaged in business, manufacturing lumber at Frederic, we wish him unlimited success.

Charley McCullough had a brace of carpenters making improvements in his store-room last Monday and Tuesday.

All kinds of Musical Instruments from a mouth organ to a Knabe Piano, sold by N. H. Traver.

We want a good live correspondent in every township in the county. We will furnish correspondents with stationery and the AVALANCHE free.

Barnes' National Readers, the new books lately adopted by the School Board, are for sale by L. Fournier & Co.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint, you have a painted guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure.

NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarach Remedy. Price 50 cents. For sale by J. M. Finn.

W. H. James is selling off his clothing at reduced rates, to close out his stock. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

English Cordovan, ladies' shoes, lined with rhinestones, just the thing for Fall wear, only \$2.25. McCullough has them.

All lovers of roast, fried and stewed chicken for a Sunday dinner, will find the material ready-dressed, at C. W. Wright's meat market, every Saturday.

Palmer's barn looks very much like a new one. A big improvement. The Alger brothers did the carpenter work.

Thus far the estimated yield of corn per acre in the State does not exceed 35 bushels, while oats run at about 30 and potatoes at 30.

Michael Maloney, working in Thos. Judge's camp, near Otsego Lake, had his leg so badly crushed last Monday that it will have to be amputated.

THE REV. G. H. THAYER, of Utica, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE."

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. For sale by J. M. Finn.

Walt Babbitt, who moved to Maryland last year, came home on a visit last week. He has sent for his family and will again settle in Grayling.

Salling, Hanson & Co., received a train load of logs from Ogemaw Co. last week. They were shipped by Pitts & Orange.

Rev. T. Edwards returned from the Conference last Tuesday morning, and leaves for St. Ignace, his new field of labor, to night.

H. B. Ledyard, president of the M. C. R. & Gen'l Supt. Brown passed through Grayling, Tuesday, going south.

Supt. Vaughan's private car was switched off at this place last Saturday, while he and his party went to the Manistee river after fish.

A very pleasant party or social was held at the residence of Mr. N. P. Salling, last Friday evening, as well as on Saturday morning. They report having rather a rough time, but found splendid opportunities to invest in pine timber.

T. E. Hastings, of Beaver Creek township, has purchased the farm of F. Crego, which adjoins his. Frank has purchased eighty acres of hard-wood land from Messrs. Blodgett and Byrne.

The expert sent for to Detroit, to open the safe of Salling, Hanson & Co., had to drill two holes into it to enable him to open it. The door of safe had to be sent to Detroit with the lock to be repaired.

And still they come, carload after carload of new goods constantly arriving, and more to follow. Every department jam full, and prices that defy competition, at the store of J. M. Finn.

Yesterday was a Jewish holiday, the great fast of "Yom Kippur," and was duly observed by Mr. Pukous and family. The store was closed from 5 o'clock Tuesday evening until 5 o'clock last evening.

Mrs. M. Osband, mother of Mrs. F. A. Baldwin, was called to Gaylord Saturday last on account of her daughter's child's sickness. She returned home Tuesday taking with her the boy, he being much better. —*Otsego Co. News.*

Herman Stephens left Sunday night for Grayling where he has engaged in business. Herman has the best wishes of the News for his success. —*Roscommon News.*

Wilt Oberon, of Gaylord, was accidentally shot and killed while sitting in a buggy in front of O. Cartwright's place of business at Otsego Lake, last Tuesday night.

J. G. Berry and Col. E. S. Dickin- son start for St. Louis, Mo., the latter part of this week, to attend the National G. A. R. Encampment, to be held at that place. Expect the boys will have a big time. —*Otsego Co. News.*

While at the farm residence of John Leline, in South Branch, last Sunday, we were treated to a feast of shortcake made from huckleberries picked in the woods the day before. The heavy frost had not impaired their flavor. —*Roscommon News.*

Hubbard Head and Jacob Steckert, of South Branch township, are two of Crawford county's most prominent farmers, were in Grayling last Saturday and Tuesday purchasing stock cattle to feed during the coming winter, and while here made a pleasant call.

The portly clerk at the store of Salling, Hanson & Co., made a trip to Kalkaska county, last week, and on the way slept in a tent. The tent was not large enough to contain his body and feet at the same time and they were therefore left out in the cold and he contracted a bad cough, which will take him some time to get rid of. Moral — Leave your feet at home when you camp out in a small tent.

Why will you shiver, when we have the finest line of overcoats ever brought to Grayling. Prices from \$25.00. Call and see them. —*Joe & Pukous.*

The Chautauque Reading and Literary Circle has fourteen members at present.

# BY TELEGRAPH.

## THE WIDE WORLD.

A Catalogue of the Week's Important Occurrences Concisely Summarized.

Intelligence by Electric Wire from Every Quarter of the Civilized World.

### THE VERY LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

#### TO PENSION PRISONERS OF WAR.

A Bill that Will Be Presented to Congress by the Union Association.

The National Association of the Union Ex-Prisoners of War held its annual meeting in Chicago last week. The Committee on Pensions—E. W. Williams, of Indiana, Chairman—reported the draft of a bill, which was unanimously adopted. By the terms of the bill the Secretary of the Interior was directed to place upon the pension roll the names of all surviving officers and enlisted men, including sailors, marines, militia, and volunteers, who served in the late war of the rebellion and who were prisoners of war. It provides that those confined in rebel prisons ninety days a quarter pension; for 120 days, one-half pension; for 270 days, three-quarter pension; and beyond that time a full pension. Proof of having been a prisoner of war to be accepted as sufficient ground for granting the pensions. It was further provided that this bill should not be construed to allow more than one pension to any one person. Also that all prisoners should in addition receive \$2 a day for each and every day during which they were imprisoned. It was ordered that the draft of this bill should be sent to every G. A. R. Post in the country, and that those asked to vote upon it. A committee of three was also appointed to present the bill to the National Encampment of the G. A. R. for endorsement and recommendation.

The constitution and by-laws of the association were amended so as to change the name of the organization to Union Ex-prisoners of War, and to leave out the State organizations and make the local orders directly responsible to the national organization. General W. H. Powell of Belleville, Ill., was unanimously elected President.

#### CHOLERA IN GOTHAM.

Arrival at New York of a Plague-infected Ship from Asia—Signs of Return on Voyage and Four of the Remaining Passengers Sick.

A New York Special of Saturday says:

Asiatic cholera was brought to this port yesterday by the steamer *Alesia*, which comes from the coast of India. The disease comes in its worst, most virulent form, and death was the sure, quick result of an attack. The *Alesia* had been in the harbor of Naples, and was discovered by the ship's doctor. He died, and died in great agony, and died. On the following day, a steamer *Baldigeria*, another steamer passenger, of the same plague. Both were promptly buried in the sea, and all received the same sad burial. There were no survivors on board. When the *Alesia* arrived on Saturday morning, four of the remaining passengers on board, together with the four surviving members of the crew, were also taken ill. In *Alesia's* hold the *Baldigeria* had been buried, and their three children and their three mothers went with their babes weeping violently.

#### A. TEXAS TORNADO.

A Storm Rages for Thirty-six Hours, Devastating Brownsville, Matamoras, and the Contiguous District.

A HURRICANE which swept Matamoras, Brownsville and the adjacent region of Texas, was very disastrous in its results. A special from Brownsville says:

Morning dawned on a scene of desolation, the entire town, through which the roaring north wind roared, a mass of houses, and prostrate fences, all half submerged and torn to shreds. The winds, fierce and at times, dangerous. The destruction was so great, may safely be calculated at thirty-five hours. The wind was most violent, and the rain, in certain cities, is calculable. Countless heads of cattle and sheep have been lost, and the crops of prostrated and destroyed. One small place calculates his loss in cotton alone at \$20,000, and many others are equally heavy losses. The total loss will be far beyond \$1,000,000. In Brownsville the chief sufferers were among the poor.

#### The Green Diamond.

The race for the championship of the League is becoming decidedly interesting, as will be seen by the appended record of the eight contesting clubs:

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Percent.
Detroit	30	42	46.45
Chicago	30	42	46.45
Philadelphia	35	48	47.95
Boston	65	50	55.87
Pittsburg	37	63	36.87
Washington	41	71	36.80
Indiansport	34	61	39.25
St. Louis	31	70	29.50

St. Louis still maintains a long lead in the American Association pennant race. The following shows the record of won and lost games:

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Percent.
St. Louis	30	33	49.31
Indiansport	70	50	56.25
Louisville	52	62	47.63
Baltimore	65	63	50.77
Athletic	53	63	47.93
Metropolitan	65	67	45.95
Cleveland	34	57	39.24

THE EASTERN STATES.

GEORGE SCHILLING, chairman of the Architects' defense fund, called upon Gen. Roger Pryor at New York, for the purpose of employing him to present the case to the United States Supreme Court. Gen. Pryor has reserved his decision until he can examine the transcript.

The third and last day of the memorial celebration of the signing of the Constitution attracted thousands at Philadelphia Sept. 17, and the programme exercises were carried out with great enthusiasm. President Cleveland, attended by Secretaries Bayard and Fairchild, held a well-attended reception in the Commissioners' room in the City Hall, Broad and Market streets. At 10:30 o'clock the Presidential party left the City Hall and proceeded to the great memorial meeting in Independence Square. A chorus of two hundred men and two thousand children opened the proceedings with a patriotic air, and a little after 11 o'clock the President and Mrs. Cleveland, leading a double column of distinguished visitors, ascended the steps leading to the grand stand, amid deafening cheers. Bishop Potter opened the formal proceedings with prayer. Hon. John A. Hanson, President of the Constitutional Convention Commission, made the opening speech, which was followed by the address of President

Cleveland. The memorial oration, which followed the President's speech, was delivered by Judge Samuel F. Miller, of the United States Supreme Court. The celebration ended with a grand banquet.

A number of leading bankers and merchants of New York City have been interviewed in regard to the stringency in the money market. The preponderance of opinion is that Congress is responsible for the present state of affairs. While some think the Secretary of the Treasury should relieve the pressure by liberal purchases of bonds, all unite in the belief that Congress, at its next session, should reduce taxation. The merchants seem to be suffering for money even more than the Wall street speculators.

A number of dispatches state that a mammal salt company, to be composed of all the large salt manufacturers in the United States, is about to be formed.

#### THE WESTERN STATES.

JAMES DOLAN and William Banks got drunk and went to sleep on the Lake Shore track near Detroit. They were run over by a freight train, and instantly killed.

Springfield (Ill.) dispatches: "Letters from anarchists and sympathizers with anarchists have begun again to pour in upon the Governor, and his mail is daily laden with appeals in behalf of the condemned Chicago criminals. Our frantic appeal beseeches executive clemency 'For the sake of God and humanity.' Immediately after the sentence of Judge Gary's Court those letters began to flow to the Governor's office, but ceased entirely during the consideration of the judgment by the Supreme Court. Those coming now are from distant points. None has come from Chicago."

CHARLES BLACK, chief counsel for the anarchists, applied to the Illinois Supreme Court at Ottawa for leave to withdraw the record of the case from the files, for thirty days. The application was denied. A transcript will cost about \$1,000. Gen. Roger A. Pryor of New York, has been retained to present the case to the United States Supreme Court.

Mrs. R. S. Barnes, of Tonica, La. Salle County, the last of the victims of the Chattoowish disaster, died last week at the home of her friends, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Martin, at Chatowish. She was the eightieth victim of the catastrophe.

ANARCHIST PANSIES has issued a long address to the American people, in which he attempts to show that he was convicted on a species that he never made and articles he never wrote. He wants his liberty or death, preferring the execution of the full force of his sentence to commutation. In closing he says:

I am prepared to die. I am ready if needs be to lay down my life for my right and the right of my fellow men. I will not be killed by an officer or a soldier, or any other person.

He is not the only one to have been convicted of a species that he never made and articles he never wrote. He wants his liberty or death, preferring the execution of the full force of his sentence to commutation. In closing he says:

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